TITLE: ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF ESSENTIAL OIL FROM *ZINGIBER ZERUMBET* (L.) SMITH AGAINST *Propionibacterium acnes*

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ABSTRACT:

Acne is the eighth most prevalent disease worldwide that affects more than 90% of the global population. This disease is a chronic and relapsing inflammatory condition with different severity levels, which may require long-term chronic treatment. The lesions caused by this common condition involve many factors, as the following: excess sebum production, disturbed keratinization within the follicle and colonization of the pilosebaceous duct by Propionibacterium acnes, among others. The purpose of this study was investigate antibacterial activity of the essential oils extracted from Zingiber zerumbet (L.) Smith (bitter ginger) rizhomes against P.acnes. All extracts were submitted to chromatographic and spectrophotometric analysis to determine its purity, before being used in the tests. Only purified essential oil samples containing at least 90% of Zerumbona (major biomolecule found in *Zingiber zerumbet* rizhomes) in its composition were used in the assays. Different concentrations of essential oil were tested against the standard strain *P.acnes* ATCC 11827 by using an adaptation of cavity-plate, agar dilution and microdilution methods. The essential oil produced from bitter ginger showed a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of 0,100 mg/mL and a minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) of 0,25 mg/mL against P acnes. To determine the speed of cidal activity, a time kill-curve assay was performed. After sixty hours of bacteria-essential oil interaction, it was observed 2 log reduction in the P. acnes viable cell counts. These results draw attention to the great potential Zingiber zerumbet as antimicrobial agent against P. acnes, indicating its possible use in the phyto-pharmaceutical industry as new approach for treating acne disease.

Key words: essential oil; Zingiber zerumbet; antibactericidal

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