TITLE: ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF FREE AND LIPOSOME-ENCAPSULATED

THYMOL AND CARVACROL AGAINST SALMONELLA ADHERED TO STAINLESS

**STEEL** 

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**ABSTRACT:** 

Antimicrobial activity of thymol, carvacrol and thymol/carvacrol liposomes (TCL) was

evaluated against two monospecies bacterial pools, each one consisting of four strains of

Salmonella enterica. TCL were prepared through thin-film hydration, showing 270.2 nm

average diameter (polydispersity index of 0.33) and zeta potential of +39.99 mV. Minimal

inhibitory concentration (MIC) for Salmonella spp. pool was 0.331 mg/ml of thymol and

carvacrol, whereas MIC for TCL was 0.662 mg/ml. Bacterial pools (8 log CFU/ml), allowed in

contact on stainless steel AISI 304 coupons in UHT skim milk for 15 min, resulted in adhered

populations of 5.6-6.1 log CFU/cm<sup>2</sup>. A 10-min contact with free (MIC and 2.0 MIC) and

encapsulated (MIC) antimicrobials eliminated attached Salmonella spp.; however, at 1-min

contact time, even 2.0 MIC of thymol and carvacrol were ineffective to inactivate adhered

Salmonella spp. For TCL (at MIC), Salmonella spp. were eradicated following a 10-min

contact; after 1-min contact, adhered Salmonella spp. populations were decreased by 2.01 log

CFU/cm<sup>2</sup>. Considering antimicrobial concentrations and contact times, thymol, carvacrol, and

TCL could be employed in food-contact surfaces to prevent biofilm formation at early stages

(bacterial attachment). Further investigations should be performed regarding the long-term

antibacterial effects of TCL.

**Keywords:** thymol; carvacrol; liposomes; *Salmonella* spp.

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